

NEXT on the program, ladies and gentlemen, is the cowmen's ball

The Evening Herald

WHEN it comes to holding elections the stockmen show up as more than enough politicians.

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THE EVENING HERALD
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TO BRING STOCK INDUSTRY BEFORE CONGRESS MARCH 15, IS ANNOUNCED

Development of Interesting Sort Feature of Morning's Session of Panhandle and Southwestern Association.

GOVERNOR DECLARIES OPEN RANGE IS GONE

Ian Must Own Land to Make Success of Livestock Business Nowadays, Asserts McDonald: Scores Packers.

It developed this morning at the meeting of the stockmen's association that the market committee appointed to the convention of the American stock association at El Paso on March 26 has arranged to meet a committee from the house of representatives in Washington on March 15 to present the claims of the stockmen for an investigation into the working of the packing houses. A. C. de Rieges, secretary and treasurer of the committee, stated that they would attempt to get an investigation by the government by presenting their claims to this committee, and that through this they would attempt to better marketing conditions. The plan of the committee is to carry the present effort through, and if unable to get the desired result through the house committee, to bear pressure upon congress through the national association stockmen until the matters of interest to the stock growers could be settled.

"We are anxious to settle our own account," said Mr. de Rieges. "We don't intend to destroy the packers; we want them to succeed, but we are going to have some of this money we have employed Walter L. Fisher, a man interested in the packers, as attorney, and are sure of good legal advice."

The plan will not require much money according to the secretary of the committee, and it has the backing of some of the strongest men in the southwest. The question has been discussed previously, and the last move was following the El Paso convention. The secretary urged the moral and financial support of the members of the southwest.

The committee is composed of H. J. Barksdale, chairman, Bakersfield, Calif.; A. E. de Rieges, secretary and treasurer, Denver, Colo.; J. B. Keen, Cheyenne, Wyo.; E. T. Peacock, Antonio, Tex.; J. B. Kilian, assistant secretary and Walter L. Fisher, attorney for the committee. Mr. de Rieges explained the methods they expected to observe in their work. He stated that the stockmen are entitled to rebel against the packers, that it was not their object to put the packer out of business, but that they sought to better the conditions of the stock grower.

The presence of addresses ranging from all routine business to the background. Not even committee reports could be presented and proposed amendment to the by-laws to permit officers of the association to succeed themselves, which it had been expected would be voted on today, was not even brought up. With the delegates to the stockmen's convention that came in during the night the national guard armory was filled to capacity this morning and speakers had an appreciative audience for the two-hour session.

President Nations thanked the stockmen for the honor he had had during the past year as president of the association, and stated that it was one of the biggest favors in his life to be able to serve them. He then directed the president's annual address, which was followed by loud applause.

President Nations, as president of the Panhandle and Southwestern Stockmen's association, delivered his annual address at the meeting of the members of the association at the national guard armory this morning. President Nations told of his coming to northeastern Texas in the early spring, where, as a poor young man, he bought a few head of cattle and started the livestock industry on a small scale. It was generally thought that time by all large and small stock growers alike, that it would not be profitable to buy or lease land and use it for grazing purposes, and perhaps it would not have been then every case, but conditions have changed since that time. Soon, however, the larger growers began to lease and buy land, and the fees began to go up rapidly. The portion of the country considered this a injustice to them and they looked upon it as ruinous to the industry so far as they were concerned at least.

The speaker told of gathering his small herd of cattle and shipping them to southern New Mexico where he found the country entirely free from fences. He settled and began

CORPS OF CATTLE INSPECTORS WILL BE FORMED SOON

State to be Divided into Seven Districts Patrolled by Men Carrying Mounted Police Commissions.

Formal adoption of the advisory committee's recommendation by the cattle sanitary board clears the way for the organization of a corps of inspectors who will cover the state in districts. The inspectors will be commissioned not only in the cattle board but will carry commissions as mounted police. In effect, the corps will be a revival of the mounted police in the guise of cattle inspectors and they will have power and authority aplenty.

As announced several weeks ago, the state will be divided into seven districts, the divisions following geographical lines. Bernardo county will be a district by itself, with an inspector assigned to it. There will be thirteen men in the corps, twelve inspectors under the command of a supervisor. The board will proceed at once to the organization of the corps. Secretary Linwood said this afternoon that announcement of the appointment would be made shortly.

The board has been holding daily sessions since Tuesday and expects to complete the business in hand today. If this afternoon's session does not suffice to clean up the remaining matters a night session will be held.

At this afternoon's meeting the quarantine against the Mississippi river section, the only barrier still remaining in the anti-tam and mount campaign, will be considered. It may be modified.

The board passed the following resolution on the death of Captain Jack.

Whereas, it has pleased an otherwise Providence to call from our midst my death William H. Jack, for a great many years identified with the livestock industry of our state, and also for many years an active and useful member of this board, and,

Whereas, during his long service as a member of this body his time and labor were given painstakingly, unselfishly and without stint to the service of the cattle industry and the state, and,

Whereas, there exists among the members of this body a strong feeling of the loss suffered through the death of our associate;

Now, therefore, be it resolved: That the New Mexico cattle sanitary board, in session assembled, expresses its sorrows at the death of William H. Jack, appreciation for his services to this organization, to the livestock industry and to his state, and be it further

Resolved, that a copy of this statement be spread upon the records of the New Mexico cattle sanitary board; that a copy be handed to the widow of William H. Jack and that the New Mexico newspapers be asked to publish these resolutions. —Signed:

JOHN H. BICKS,
HARRY A. MARTIN.

FRANCE AWAITING ANXIOUSLY THE EVENTS OF DAY

Results of Battle with Germans Subject of Anxiety but Allies are Confident They will Maintain Positions.

By Evening Herald Leased Wire.

Paris, March 8.—France awaited

anxiously but confidently the issues of today's battle.

The Germans thus far at the cost of large losses, have

attained command of the approaches to the main French positions beyond the west bank of the Meuse.

The capture of 18 officers, 3,277

men and ten cannon is officially re-

ported.

In the Wooye district the French

were driven out of the last houses

they held in the village of Wooye.

More than 700 prisoners were made

in Bapaume on both sides of the River Meuse.

It was also announced that the villages of Forges and Rognelle, the heights of Riche and the Chemin des Woods were in German possession.

The capture of 18 officers, 3,277

men and ten cannon is officially re-

ported.

The situation north of Verdun is

unchanged. No infantry attacks were

made last night, the announcement says. Artillery fighting continues.

Regarding the shortage of labor he

said the government was doing every-

thing possible to alleviate conditions.

Verification of British Orders to Merchantmen to be Requested

No Further Action to be Taken in Armed Ship Negotiations Until Receipt of Confirmation of Copies

CHAIRMAN STONE NOT TO MAKE HIS ADDRESS

Following Conference with President, Senator Abandons Plan for Discussing Legal Phases of Affairs.

By Evening Herald Leased Wire.

Washington, March 8.—In view of the photographic copies of British admiral's instructions to existing or merchantmen forwarded to the State Department by Germany, probably will be submitted to Great Britain for verification, it was said today at the Senate department, before further action is taken by the United States.

Chairman Stone of the foreign relations committee announced today that he would not deliver the address to the Senate that he had been invited to do in preparation for some time with relation to foreign issues. Mr. Stone conferred with President Wilson last night following the vote in the house to adopt the McLoone resolution to warn American citizens off armed merchant ships or belligerents. He said he would make a brief statement.

"I have a notice standing on the calendar to the effect that I would tomorrow address the Senate on the subject of armed merchant ships and on other related subjects," Senator Stone continued. "With much care I have prepared a speech which I proposed to deliver, and in which I joined issue with some senators who have spoken on these questions, particularly as to the law, if indeed there were in law established and recognized, touching the subject of armed merchantmen."

"Last night I had another very frank talk with the president—I say frank, for that is the way we talked with each other, as we should. I am sure I will not offend if I say that so far from the president desiring to invoke this country in this disastrous European war his supreme wish is to end that calamity. I may not be in accord with some of his views. I have already stated that on the floor, but it should be impossible for any senator to believe that the president so unchanged in attitude he has so long maintained as an advocate of peace as to wish now to make this country a party to this conflict."

"As senators well know, have from the first been earnestly opposed to having any of these questions presented in any formal way to the Senate, not that I have been equally opposed to any public discussion of these questions while they were the subject of diplomatic negotiation."

"I profoundly hope that no occasion will arise when I shall feel obliged to take these subjects up in a frank way. I shall give the president whatever support I can in the discharge of those duties devolved upon him by the constitution."

"All through his service as president I have cooperated with him and with all my heart I wish to continue that cooperation and so I have concluded not to say anything at this juncture that might be misinterpreted especially in foreign capitals and which might in some chance contribute to the difficulties with which the president is faced. Sufficient, on the day of the evil thereof."

Stone went on to say that he has

been in close touch with the State Department and the Senate and the

Senate Foreign Committee, and that

he has been in constant communication with the British ambassador.

He also said that he has been in

constant touch with the British ambas-

sador and the British minister to the

United States, and that he has been

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